RSMC Miami/National Hurricane Center Tropical Cyclone Risk Products, Forecasts, and Warnings



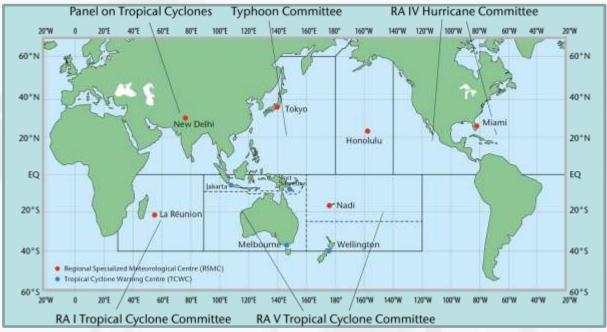
Jamie Rhome, Deputy Director National Hurricane Center



World Meteorological Organization



Regional Specialized Meteorological Centers (RSMC)



- NHC is one of 7 RSMCs that produce and coordinate tropical cyclone forecasts for various ocean basins.
- NHC is responsible for both the Atlantic & eastern North Pacific Ocean

NHC's International Coordination



World MET. ORGANIZATION - Regional Association IV Coordination





International Collaboration



- Open exchange of meteorological data among countries
- NHC provides forecasts and guidance on watches and warnings to 28 WMO member nations
- NHC hosts and teaches two 1-week training workshops on tropical cyclones for international government meteorologists
- NHC Director serves as Chairman of the WMO RA-IV Hurricane Committee. Annual meeting updates the Region's "Hurricane Operational Plan"
- U.S. conducts annual Caribbean Hurricane Awareness Tour
- Storm surge risk modeling and mapping



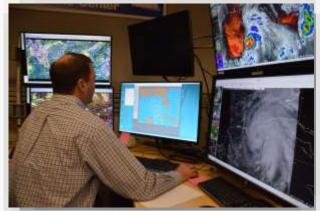




Coordination of International Watches & Warnings



- Each country is responsible for issuing watches/warnings for their respective country or jurisdiction
 - NHC issues watches/warnings for Haiti
- NHC will recommend the placement of watches/warnings
- Coordinated with Met. Offices throughout the region
- Potential Tropical Cyclone advisories allow for the issuance of watches and warnings prior to the formation of a tropical depression







Hurricane Awareness Tour

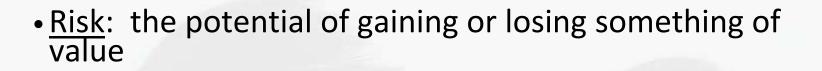


- 2020 and 2021 Canceled due to the pandemic; limited return in 2022 - U.S. Territories
- Full Return in 2023 April 17-22 (Merida and Chetumal, Mexico, Grand Cayman, Dominican Republic, Turks & Caicos, and Puerto Rico)
- Opportunity to increase hurricane awareness by meeting with emergency managers, media, and general public
- Tour of hurricane hunter aircraft









Risk = Probability × Consequence × Vulnerability

 <u>Risk perception</u>: the subjective judgment people make about the severity and probability of a risk, which may vary from person to person

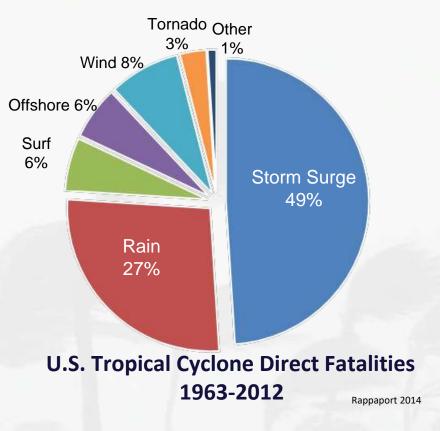
Actual Risk ≠ Perceived Risk





Historically (1963-2012) Vast Majority of Direct Deaths Have Been Water Related

- From 1963-2012 (Rappaport Study):
 - About 2,544 total direct fatalities
 - Water accounted for nearly 90% of direct deaths
 - Storm Surge 49%
 - Rain 27%
 - Surf 6%
 - Offshore 6%
 - Wind accounts for about 10%
 - Combination of wind and tornado

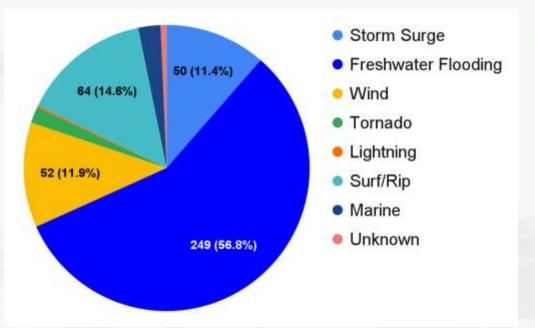




Direct TC Fatalities – 2013-2022



- 57% (249) due to freshwater flooding
- 15% (64) due to surf/rip currents, many from storms well away from the U.S.
- 12% (52) due to wind many tree related scattered across multiple storms
- 11% (50) due to storm surge

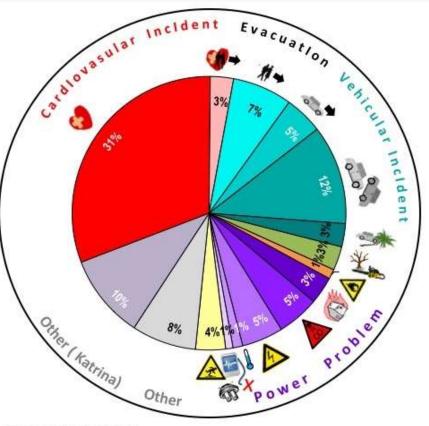


Vulnerability of Caribbean Islands



Risk is highly modulated by structural, economic, and social vulnerabilities.

- Entire islands are exposed
- Large concentration of utility, public services (e.g., hospitals), and transportation routes in flood-prone areas
 - Lack of food, water, medicine, fuel
 - Cascading public health consequences



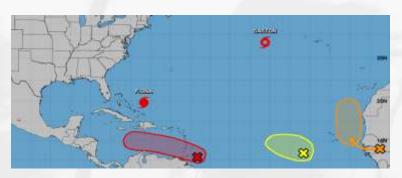


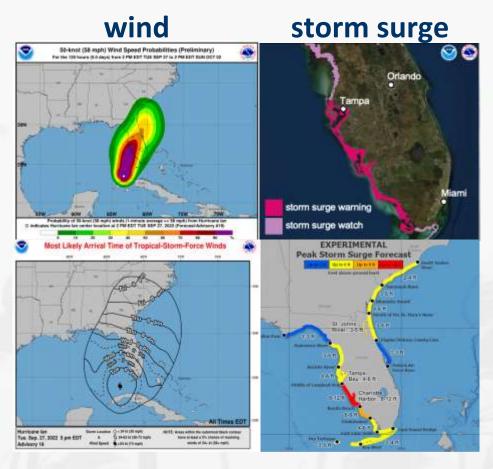
From Deterministic to Probabilistic



Improvements

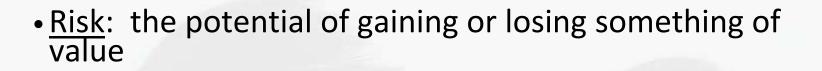
- Track errors: 30–45% lower
- Intensity errors: 20–40% lower
- 3-day to 5-day forecasts
- Increased lead time (12 h) for hurricane watches/warnings
- Probabilistic hazard information and forecast framework











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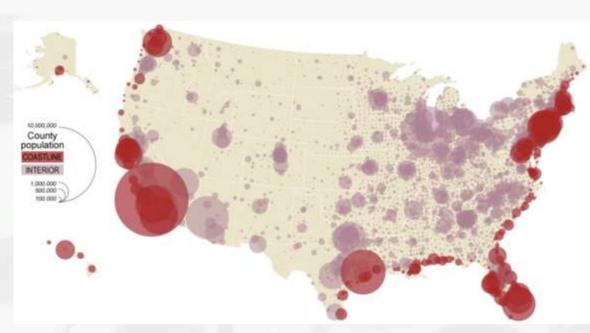




More People Along the Coast



- 40% increase in coastal population from 1970 to 2010 (34.8 million people)
- 40% of population (128 million people) live on the coast even though it is less than 10% of the land mass



Source: US Census

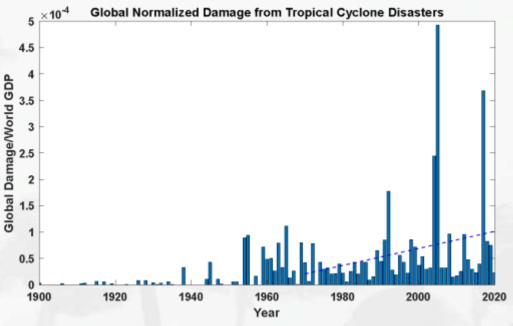
More Infrastructure Along the Coast



380% increase in damage from tropical cyclones since 1970

Population and infrastructure are dominant over hurricane changes in explaining the increase over the past century

High confidence that islands are already reporting losses and damages from hurricane changes

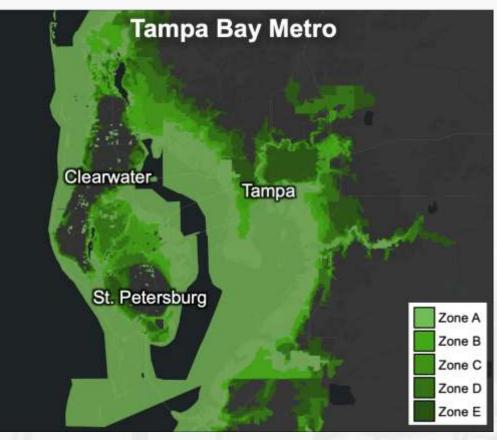


Graph Source: Kerry Emanuel Data Source: OFDA/CRED International Disaster Database



Evacuation Decision Making

• Evacuation zones are typically constructed based on storm surge risk.

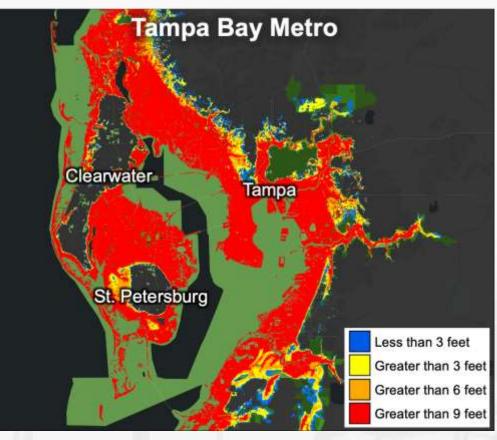




Evacuation Decision Making

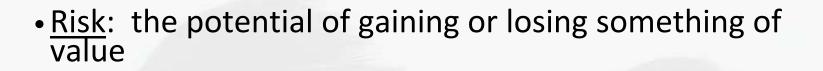


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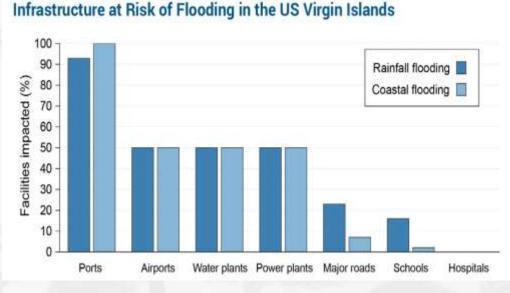


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Entire islands are exposed



Source: National Academy of Sciences



Hurricane Vulnerability



- People with disabilities are up to 4x more likely to die in disasters (United Nations).
- For Hurricane Ian, more than 80% of storm surge victims were 60+ years old.

