



Current and future challenges of health care in Cuba

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Restablecimiento y proceso de normalización de las relaciones diplomáticas y bilaterales Cuba-Estados Unidos.

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Celebrada en La Habana
II Reunión Científica
Conjunta Cuba-EE.UU.

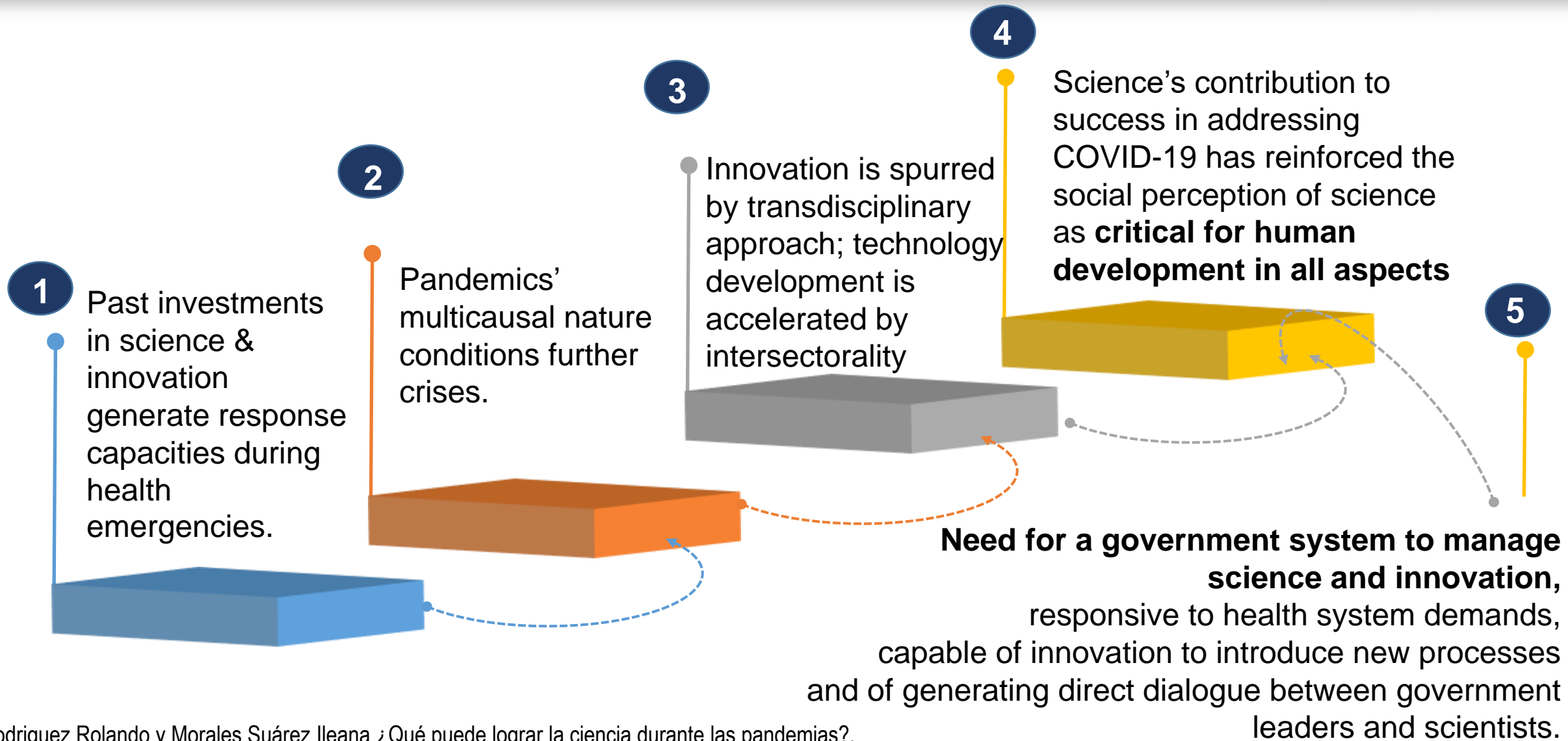


CHARACTERISTICS OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH SYSTEM IN CUBA

- **Social character of medicine**
- **Accessibility and free services**
- **Prophylactic guidance based on Primary Health Care**
- **Application of advances in science and technology**
- **Community participation**
- **Intersectoral approach**

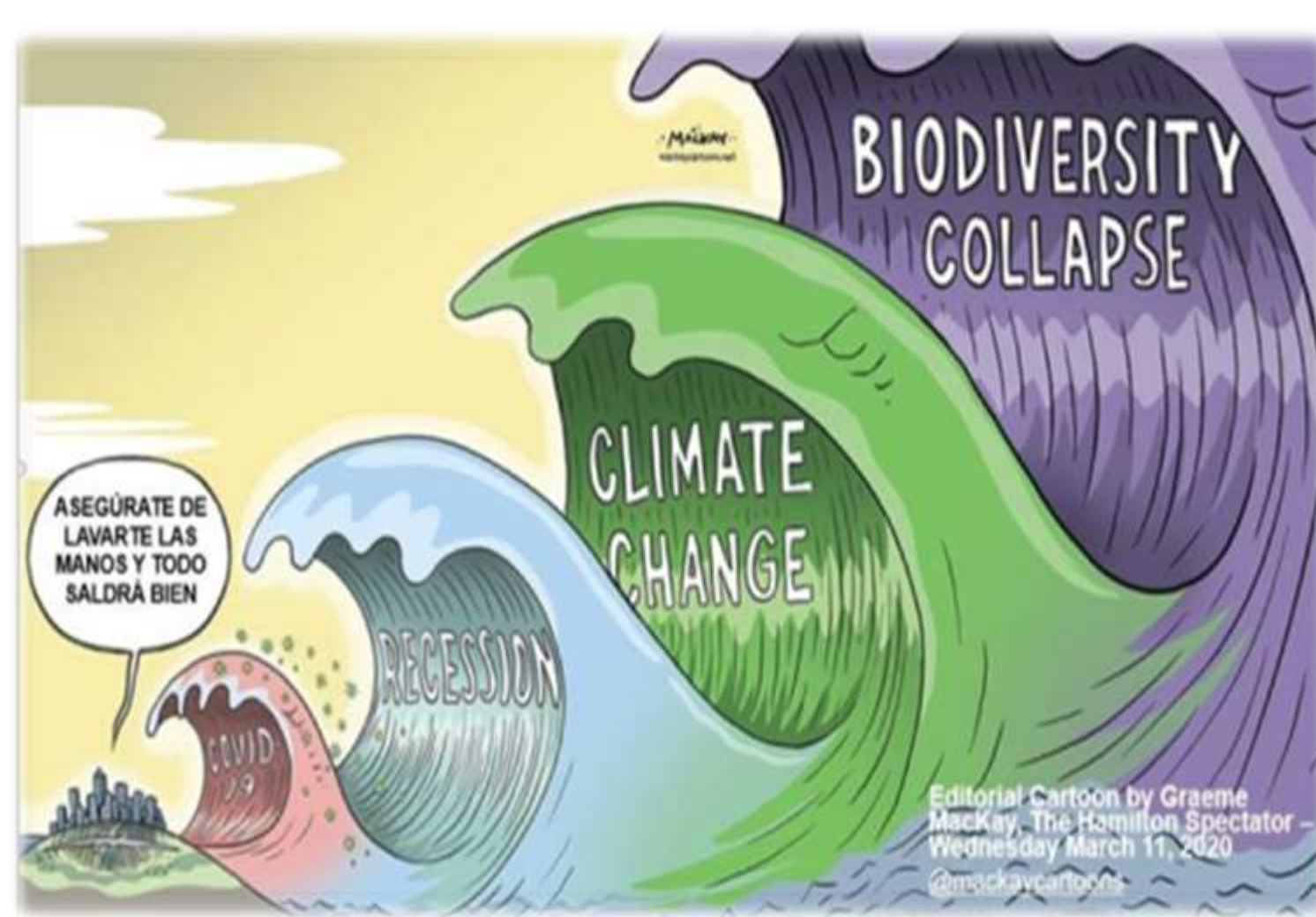


ADDRESSING COVID-19: MAIN LESSONS LEARNED



CONTEXT

The complex situation created by COVID-19 leaves us two choices:
Perpetuate the crisis or see it as an opportunity--***for this, we need to rely on the lessons learned.***



We must identify what we have learned from the perspective of science; the responses to COVID-19 in countries and territories must be studied and lessons systematized to formulate future actions.

FRAME OF REFERENCE

NATIONAL HEALTH SYSTEM

- Universal, free of charge, accessible
- Composed of subsystems
- Structured by levels
- Consisting of networks
- Organized by programs
- Highly trained staff
- High number of technicians
- **Robust scientific ecosystem**

reinforced by strategic alliances with the Cuban biotech and pharmaceutical industry and other research centers



SISTEMA DE SALUD CUBANO

451 policlínicos

11 500 consultorios del médico y enfermera de la familia

479 mil 623 trabajadores de salud



151 hospitales



ECOSISTEMA DE CIENCIA E INNOVACION EN SALUD

13 Universidades de Ciencias Médicas

45 Entidades de Ciencia e Innovación Tecnológica

26 729 trabajadores vinculados

Industria Bio-Farmacéutica Nacional
Universidades y Centros de Investigación con alianzas en salud



HUBS FOR PREPARING THE NHS TO CONFRONT FUTURE EPIDEMICS



STRATEGIC ACTIONS

1. Strengthen health governance to achieve greater resilience.
2. Improve comprehensive epidemiological surveillance with a *One Health* approach.
3. Improve the National Hygiene, Epidemiology and Microbiology Program.
4. Design an integrated data management system.
5. Design a process to strengthen medical education.
6. Implement new management models for hospitals and polyclinics.
7. Expand quality assurance processes.
8. Strengthen the digital health strategy.
9. Grow and develop within a science and innovation ecosystem.
10. Establish a sectoral strategy for risk communication.



Cooperation opportunities

